Homework 1

- 1. A flag complex is an (abstract) simplicial complex K all of whose minimal non-faces are two-element sets. Show that K is a flag complex if and only if the following condition holds: if all of the edges of a potential face are in K, then that face must also be in K.
- 2. Let G be a (finite, simple) graph. A *clique* in G is a complete subgraph of G, i.e., a subgraph where any two vertices are connected by an edge. The *clique complex* of G, denoted $\Delta(G)$, is the simplicial complex whose vertex set is the vertex set of G, and whose faces are the cliques of G.
 - (a) Show that $\Delta(G)$ is indeed an (abstract) simplicial complex, and, in fact, that $\Delta(G)$ is a flag complex.
 - (b) Conversely, show that any flag complex K is the clique complex of its 1-skeleton (i.e., the graph $G = K^{(1)}$ consisting of the vertices and edges of K).
- **3.** Let K be a finite simplicial complex, and let |K| be its geometric realization.
 - (a) Show that |K| Hausdorff.
 - (b) Show that |K| is compact.
- 4. Let T^2 be the 2-torus.
 - (a) Show that the minimum number of vertices in a triangulation of T^2 is 7.
 - (b) Construct a simplicial complex K on 7 vertices such that |K| is homeomorphic to T^2 .
- 5. From Hatcher's book: Chapter 1.A, Page 86, Problem 3.
- 6. From Hatcher's book: Chapter 2.1, Page 133, Problem 23.

Bonus question: Can you find any connection between Problems 2 and 6?