1. Prove, by comparing orders of elements, that the following pairs of groups are not isomorphic:
(i) $\mathbb{Z}_{8} \times \mathbb{Z}_{8}$ and $\mathbb{Z}_{16} \times \mathbb{Z}_{4}$.
(ii) $\mathbb{Z}_{9} \times \mathbb{Z}_{9} \times \mathbb{Z}_{3}$ and $\mathbb{Z}_{27} \times \mathbb{Z}_{9}$.
2. Describe a specific isomorphism $\varphi: \mathbb{Z}_{6} \times \mathbb{Z}_{5} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{30}$.
3. Describe a specific isomorphism $\psi: \mathbb{Z}_{16}^{\times} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{2} \times \mathbb{Z}_{4}$.
4. How many elements of order 6 are there in $\mathbb{Z}_{6} \times \mathbb{Z}_{9}$ ?
5. How many elements of order 25 are there in $\mathbb{Z}_{5} \times \mathbb{Z}_{25}$ ?
6. Let $p$ be a prime. Determine the number of elements of order $p$ in $\mathbb{Z}_{p^{2}} \times \mathbb{Z}_{p^{2}}$.
7. Let $G=S_{3} \times \mathbb{Z}_{5}$. What are all possible orders of elements in $G$ ? Prove that $G$ is not cyclic.
8. Let $H$ be set of all $2 \times 2$ matrices of the form $\left(\begin{array}{ll}a & b \\ 0 & d\end{array}\right)$, with $a, b, d \in \mathbb{R}$ and $a d \neq 0$.
(i) Show that $H$ is a subgroup of $\mathrm{GL}_{2}(\mathbb{R})$.
(ii) Is $H$ a normal subgroup of $\mathrm{GL}_{2}(\mathbb{R})$ ?
9. Let $H$ be set of all $2 \times 2$ matrices of the form $\left(\begin{array}{ll}a & 0 \\ c & d\end{array}\right)$, with $a, c, d \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $a d= \pm 1$.
(i) Show that $H$ is a subgroup of $\mathrm{GL}_{2}(\mathbb{Z})$.
(ii) Is $H$ a normal subgroup of $\mathrm{GL}_{2}(\mathbb{Z})$ ?
10. Let $H=\{(1),(12)(34)\}$.
(i) Show that $H$ is a subgroup of $A_{4}$.
(ii) What is the index of $H$ in $A_{4}$ ?
(iii) Is $H$ a normal subgroup of $A_{4}$ ?
11. Let $G=\mathbb{Z}_{32}^{\times}$, and $H=\{1,31\}$. Show that the quotient group $G / H$ is isomorphic to $\mathbb{Z}_{8}$.
12. Let $G=\mathbb{Z}_{4} \oplus \mathbb{Z}_{4}^{\times}$, and consider the subgroups $H=\langle(2,3)\rangle$ and $K=\langle(2,1)\rangle$.
(i) List the elements of $G / H$, and compute the Cayley table for this group. What is the isomorphism type of $G / H$ ?
(ii) List the elements of $G / K$, and compute the Cayley table for this group. What is the isomorphism type of $G / K$ ?
(iii) Are the groups $G / H$ and $G / K$ isomorphic?
13. Let $G=\mathbb{Z}_{4} \times \mathbb{Z}_{4}$, and consider the subgroups $H=\{(0,0),(2,0),(0,2),(2,2)\}$ and $K=\langle(1,2)\rangle$. Identify the following groups (as direct products of cyclic groups of prime order):
(i) $H$ and $G / H$.
(ii) $K$ and $G / K$.
14. Give an example of a group $G$ and a normal subgroup $H \triangleleft G$ such that both $H$ and $G / H$ are abelian, yet $G$ is not abelian.
15. Let $\mathbb{Z}$ be the additive group of integers, and let $f: \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}$ be the function given by $f(x)=8 x$.
(i) Show that $f$ is a homomorphism.
(ii) Find $\operatorname{ker}(f)$.
(iii) Find im $(f)$.
16. Let $\varphi: G \rightarrow H$ and $\psi: H \rightarrow K$ be two homomorphisms.
(i) Show that $\psi \circ \varphi: G \rightarrow K$ is a homomorphism.
(ii) Show that $\operatorname{ker}(\varphi)$ is a normal subgroup of $\operatorname{ker}(\psi \circ \varphi)$.
17. Let $G$ and $H$ be two groups, and consider the map $p: G \times H \rightarrow H$ given by $p(g, h)=h$.
(i) Show that $p$ is a homomorphism.
(ii) What is $\operatorname{ker}(p)$ ? What is $\operatorname{im}(p)$ ?
(iii) What does the First Isomorphism Theorem say in this situation?
18. Let $\mathbb{R}$ be the additive group of real numbers, and let $\mathbb{R}^{\times}$be the multiplicative group of non-zero real numbers. Consider the map $\varphi: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\times}$given by $\varphi(x)=e^{x}$.
(i) Show that $\varphi$ is an homomorphism from $\mathbb{R}$ to $\mathbb{R}^{\times}$.
(ii) What is the kernel of $\varphi$ ?
(iii) What is the image of $\varphi$ ? For each $y \in \operatorname{im}(\varphi)$ find an $x \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $\varphi(x)=y$.
(iv) Is $\varphi$ injective?
(v) Is $\varphi$ surjective?
(vi) Is $\varphi$ an isomorphism?
19. Let $\varphi: \mathbb{Z}_{2} \times \mathbb{Z}_{2} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{2}$ be the map given by $\varphi(x)= \begin{cases}1 & \text { if } x=(1,0) \text { or }(0,1), \\ 0 & \text { otherwise. }\end{cases}$
(i) Show that $\varphi$ is a homomorphism.
(ii) What is $\operatorname{ker}(\varphi)$ ? What is $\operatorname{im}(\varphi)$ ?
20. Suppose $\varphi: \mathbb{Z}_{50} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{15}$ is a homomorphism with $\varphi(7)=6$.
(i) Determine $\varphi(x)$, for all $x \in \mathbb{Z}_{50}$.
(ii) What is $\operatorname{ker}(\varphi)$ ? What is $\operatorname{im}(\varphi)$ ?
(iii) What is $\varphi^{-1}(3)$ ?
21. Show that there is no homomorphism from $\mathbb{Z}_{8} \times \mathbb{Z}_{2}$ onto $\mathbb{Z}_{4} \times \mathbb{Z}_{4}$.
22. Find $\operatorname{Aut}\left(S_{3}\right)$.
23. Find $\operatorname{Aut}\left(Q_{8}\right)$.
24. Let $G$ be a group.
(i) Show that, if $G$ is abelian, then any subgroup of $G$ is normal.
(ii) Is the intersection of a collection of normal subgroups of $G$ normal?
(iii) Let $K \leq H \leq G$ be subgroups of $G$, and suppose that $K$ is normal in $G$. Is Knormalin $H$ ?
(iv) Let $K \leq H \leq G$ be subgroups of $G$, and suppose that $K$ is normal in $H$. Is $K$ normal in $G$ ?
25. Let $f: G \rightarrow H$ be a function between two groups, and let

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K:=\{(x, y) \in G \times H \mid f(x)=y\}
$$

be its graph. Show that $f$ is a homomorphism if and only if $K$ is a subgroup of the direct product $G \times H$.
26. Let $G$ be a group with center $Z(G)$, and let $H$ be a subgroup of $G$.
(i) Show that if $H \subset Z(G)$, then $H$ is normal in $G$.
(ii) Show that if $H \subset Z(G)$ and $G / H$ is cyclic, then $G$ is abelian.
27. Let $G=\mathrm{GL}_{3}\left(\mathbb{Z}_{2}\right)$ be the group of invertible $3 \times 3$ matrices with entries in $\mathbb{Z}_{2}$. Find a subgroup $H \leq G$ of order 8 .
28. Let $A_{4}$ be the group of even permutations of the set $\{1,2,3,4\}$. Consider the subgroups $H=\langle(123)\rangle$ and $K=\langle(12)(34)\rangle$.
(i) Write down all the left and right cosets of $H$ in $A_{4}$. Be sure to indicate the elements of each coset.
(ii) What is the order of $H$ ? What is the index of $H$ in $A_{4}$ ? Is $H$ a normal subgroup of $A_{4}$ ?
(iii) Write down all the left and right cosets of $K$ in $A_{4}$. Be sure to indicate the elements of each coset.
(iv) What is the order of $K$ ? What is the index of $K$ in $A_{4}$ ? Is $K$ a normal subgroup of $A_{4}$ ?
(v) Find the intersection $H \cap K$. Is this a subgroup of $A_{4}$ ? Is this a normal subgroup of $A_{4}$ ?
(vi) Find the direct product $H \times K$ and identify it (up to isomorphism) as another well-known group of the same order.

