

Continuous Representations: What goes right and what goes wrong?

Supplementary Slides

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Brandeis University

Joint with Kiyoshi Igusa and Gordana Todorov

Representation Theory and Related Topics Seminar
3 May 2019

① Continuous Clusters

② Continuous Mutation

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② Continuous Mutation

Example

Let $a < b \in \mathbb{R}$ and

$$\begin{aligned} T = & \{(-\infty, +\infty), (-\infty, a), (a, b), (-\infty, b), (b, +\infty)\} \\ & \cup \{[x, a], \{x\} : -\infty < x < a\} \\ & \cup \{(a, x], \{x\} : a < x < b\} \cup \{(b, x], \{x\} : b < x\}. \end{aligned}$$

T is a continuous cluster with three *continuous fountains*.

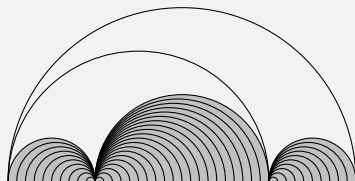
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T is a continuous cluster with three *continuous fountains*.

We can visualize T as a set of noncrossing partitions of \mathbb{R} :



The types of compatible sets that make up a continuous cluster are:

- Discrete
- Nests
- Continuous fountains (a type of nest)
- Antifountains (a type of nest)
- Simples

Structure

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Example



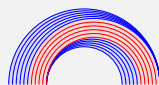
Discrete



Continuous
Fountain



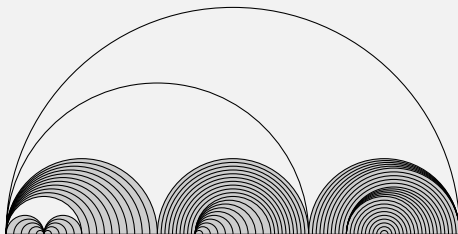
Antifountain



Nest

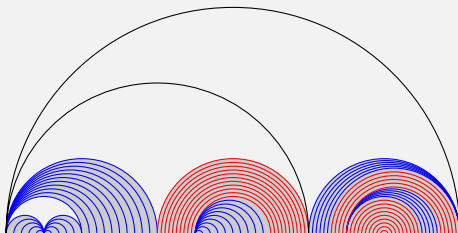
Example

Here is another picture of a continuous cluster.



Example

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① Continuous Clusters

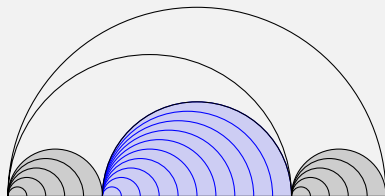
② Continuous Mutation

Example (Continuous Flip)

Let $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$ such that $a < 0 < b$. Let T be

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for all $x < a < y < b < z$. We're going to “flip” this blue continuous fountain at a to a purple continuous fountain at b .



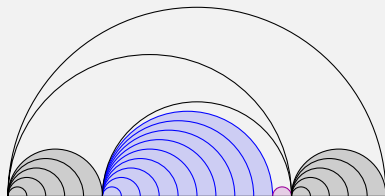
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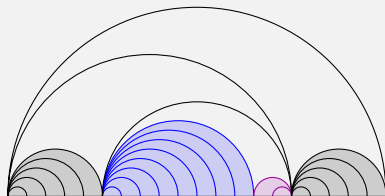
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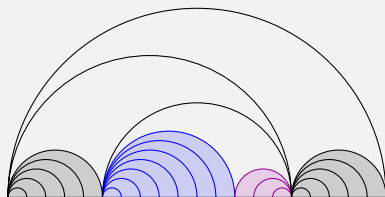
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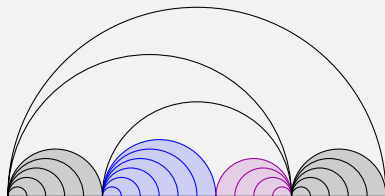
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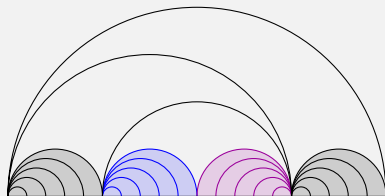
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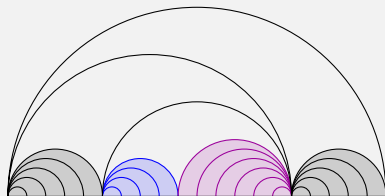
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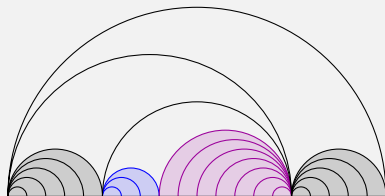
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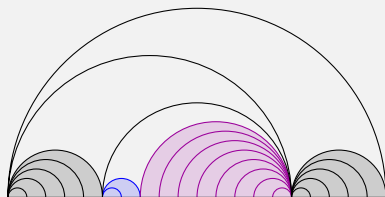
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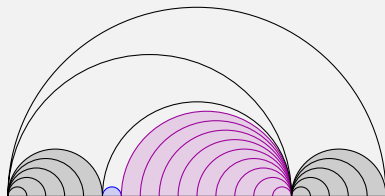
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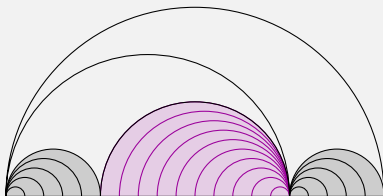
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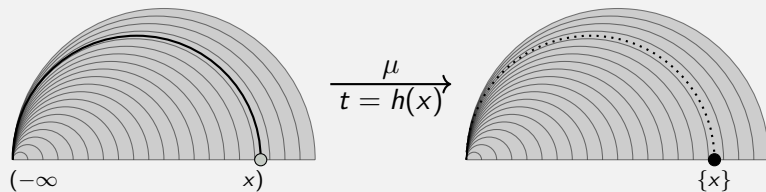
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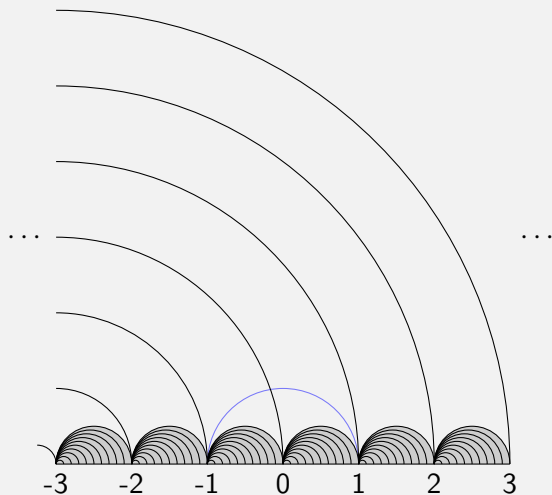
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Example (Lamination)

Here is a picture:

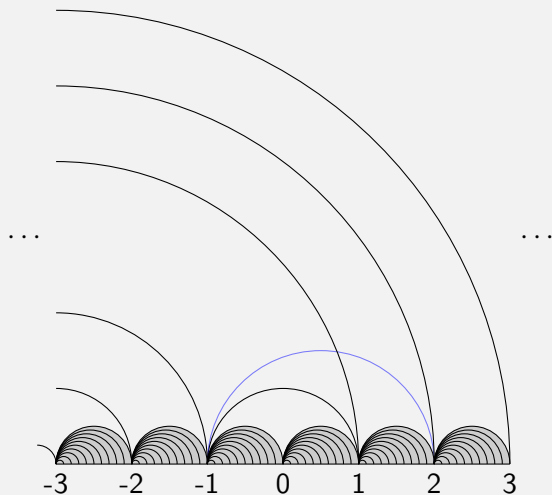


Example (Transfinite Mutation)

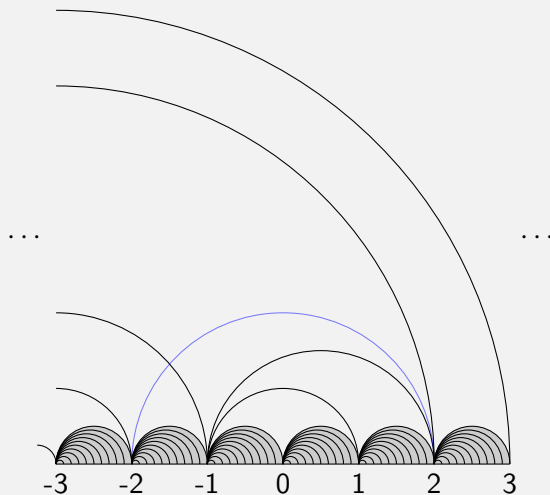


Examples

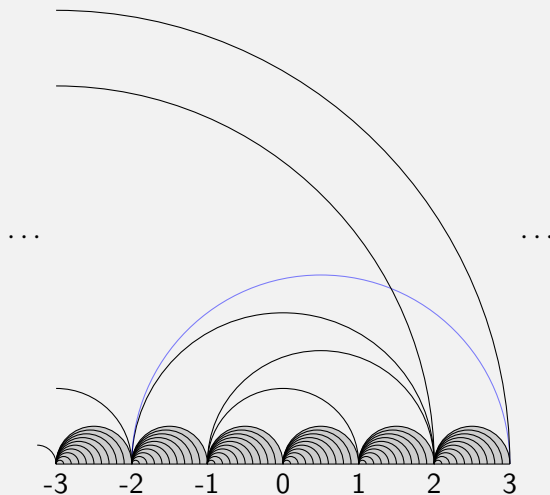
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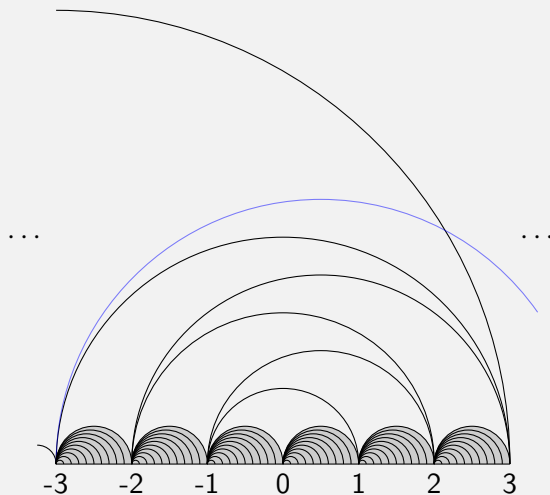
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Thank you!